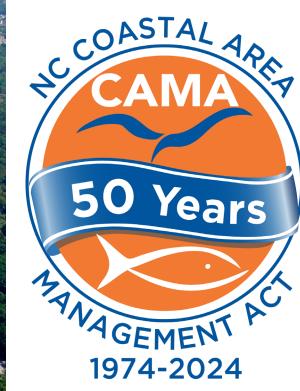
## Division of Coastal Management Update









## NC Coastal Area Management Act (1974)

- Balance competing coastal pressures through development permitting
- Local/state partnership to addresses coastal growth and related issues
- Enhance public access to beaches and coastal waters through grants to local governments
- Created the NC Coastal Management Program: Coastal Resources Commission, Coastal Resources Advisory Council, and Division of Coastal Management (DEQ)

## North Carolina Division of Coastal Management

## **Regulatory Section**

4 District Offices; Local Permitting Officers

## **Policy and Planning Section**

- Policy Development
- Land Use Planning
- Community Resilience
- Waterfront Access Grants
- Strategic Planning & Coordination

## **Coastal Reserve Program**

- 10 Coastal Reserve Sites



#### NC Coastal Resources Commission

- 13 members appointed by the Governor, General Assembly
- Membership includes local gov't, fishing, wildlife, agriculture, coastal land development, engineering/science experience
- Designates "Areas of Environmental Concern"
- Establishes policies and rules under the CAMA and the NC Dredge & Fill Act



## NC Coastal Resources Advisory Council

- 20 members appointed by CRC
  - > ½ membership must be residents in coastal counties
- Provide local information and insights from coastal

communities to the CRAC, CRC and DCM

- Take information regarding the work of the CRAC and CRC back to their communities
- Provide technical expertise on issues relating to the CRC's work
- Develop recommendations on policy/rule initiatives at direction of CRC



## Inlet Hazard Areas of Environmental Concern

## **CRC Science Panel Charge**

1) Perform 5-year re-evaluation of IHA methods and boundaries, incorporating data collected since the 2018 study.

2) Evaluate end-point and linear regression methods for calculating oceanfront shoreline change rates.

3) Present draft report(s) to CRC, including proposed IHA boundaries and erosion rates, 2025.

# POLICY & PLANNING SECTION





## Public Beach and Waterfront Access Grants

#### 2024-2025 Cycle

\$3.8M in available funding (normal year ~\$1M)

Pre-application period ended April 15<sup>th</sup>

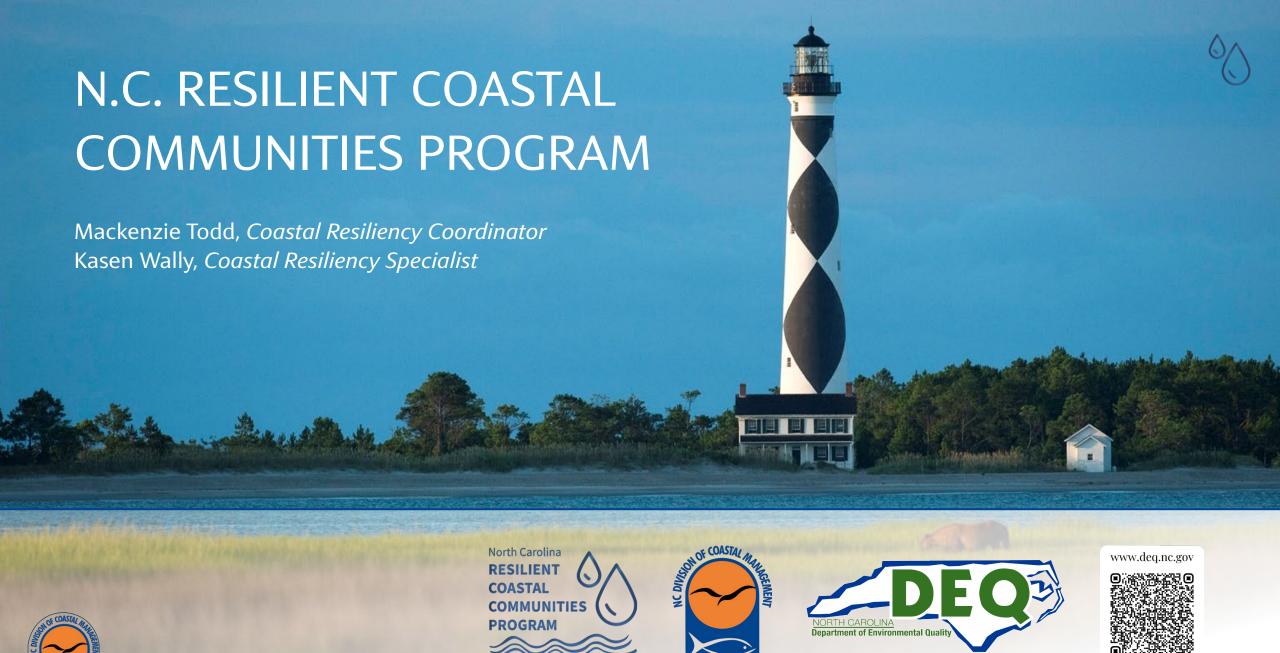
23 applications received totaling \$3.6M

18 projects invited to submit Final applications

\$2.8 awarded for 16 projects

2025-2026 Cyle starts February 2025







## Program Objectives

Address

Address barriers to coastal resilience at the local level

Assist

Assist communities with risk & vulnerability assessments

Help

 Help communities develop a portfolio of well-planned and prioritized projects

Advance

Advance priority projects to "shovel-ready" status

Link

• Link communities to funding streams for project implementation



## Program Phases

rogramm mascs

COMMUNITY ENGAGEMENT & VULNERABILITY ASSESSMENT

Phase 1

Includes performing a risk and vulnerability assessment, developing a community action team, and engaging with the public.

Phase 2

PLANNING, PROJECT IDENTIFICATION, & PRIORITIZATION

Involves a community and data-driven process to identify priority actions that can be taken to adapt to short- and long-term hazards.

Phase 3

ENGINEERING & DESIGN

Grants are available for communities that successfully completed Phases 1 and 2 to develop projects that are shovel-ready.

Phase 4

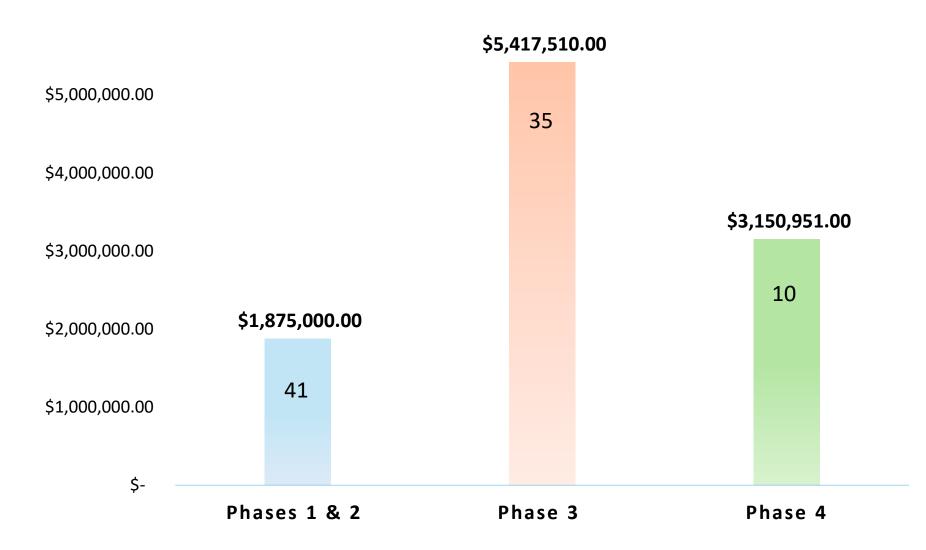
PROJECT IMPLEMENTATION

Phase 4 grants are available for communities that successfully complete Phases 1, 2, and 3 for the implementation of shovel-ready projects.





## RCCP Awards by Phase





## RCCP Funding - Appropriations and Grants

#### Years 2019 - 2023

NCGA (SL 2019-224)

NFWF ECRF

NFWF NCRF

HUD

NOAA/CZMA Funding

NCGA (SL 2021-180)

NCGA (SL 2023-134)

\$ 1,350,000

\$ 1,060,000

\$ 3,604,885

\$ 500,000

\$ 60,000

\$ 1,450,000

\$10,000,000

\$18,024,885





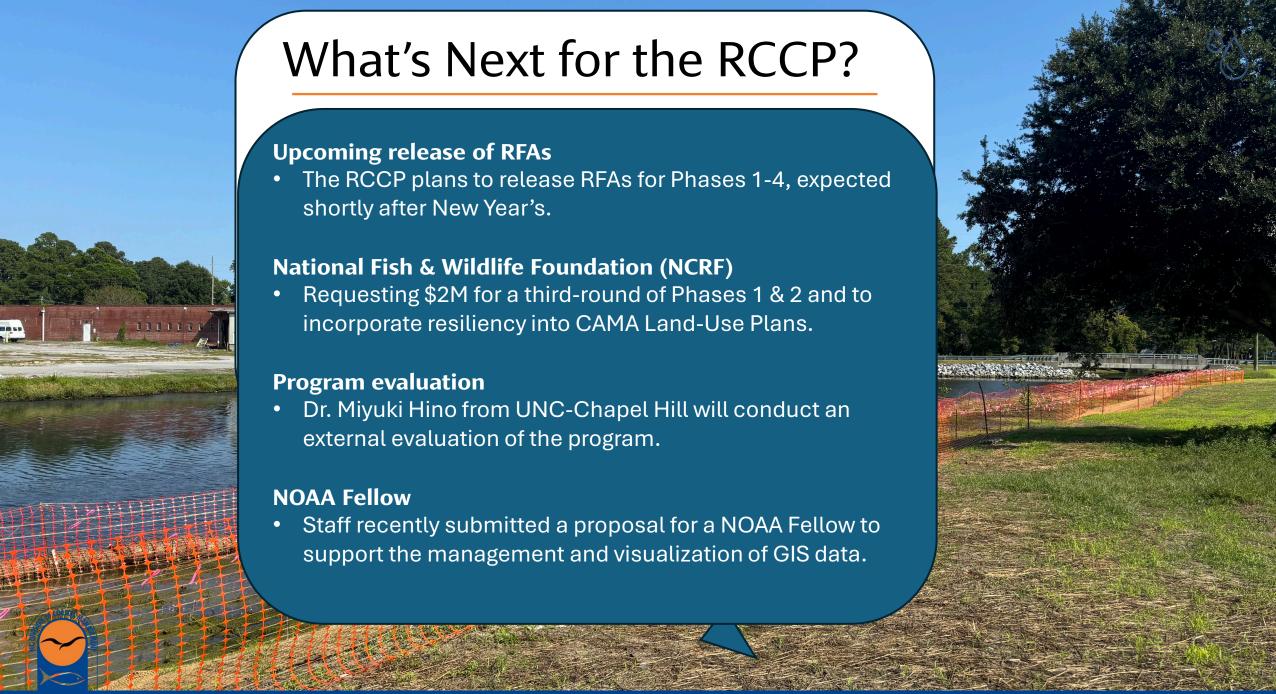


#### **41 Participating Communities**

- 11 counties
- 30 municipalities







## SL 2024-45 & SL 2024-53

• Amend CAMA for dock, pier, and walkway replacement in the coastal area

• Amend CAMA for the establishment of a measurement line for dune building projects conducted pursuant to permitted terminal groin construction

• Amend CAMA exempting aquaculture from the definition of "development"

• Amend CAMA to authorize replacement of certain erosion control structures

## REGULATORY SECTION





## Areas of Environmental Concern (AECs)

## **Estuarine and Ocean System**

Public trust areas, estuarine waters,
 coastal wetlands, and coastal
 (non-ocean) shorelines

#### **Ocean Hazard Areas**

Ocean Erodible Area, Inlet Hazard Areas
 Unvegetated Beach Area

#### **Public Water Supplies**



## Permitting

- Consistent trend of ~3,000 permit decisions annually (new, modifications, transfers, renewals)
  - Approximately 130-150 Majors
- Permitting Transformation Program (epermitting) implementation going well
- Staffing level is near full—Field Rep in MHD City & upcoming vacancy Wilmington, Asst. Major Permit Coordinator (Infrastructure)



## Dredging & Beach Nourishment - Busy Season!



- North Topsail Beach
  - Surf City
- Carolina Beach
- Kure Beach
  BEACHES
  - Bald Head Island
  - Oak Island
  - Ocean Isle Beach
  - Shallotte Inlet
  - Lockwood Folly Inlet
- NAVIGATION w/BU
- Wilmington Harbor
- Carolina Beach
- New River Inlet
- Brown's Inlet

**INLETS** 

- Oregon Inlet
- OI non-federal channels

